
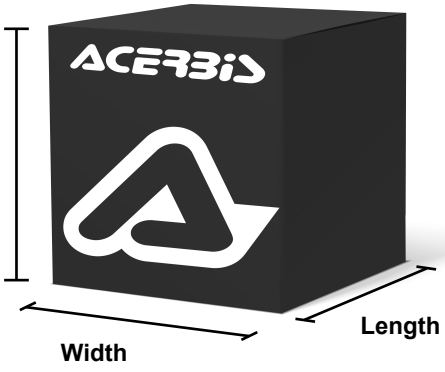


Packing unit

MEASUREMENT RULES	EXAMPLE IMAGE
<p>Determine the natural base of a package</p> <p>Before measuring a package, it is necessary to determine the natural base. The natural base is the bottom of the packaging. If text, indicators arrows or other graphics indicate an upper or lower orientation, they take priority in determining of the natural base.</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">Natural base</p>
<p>Determine the height, width and the depth of a package</p> <p>After determining the natural base, the height, width and depth of the packaging can be determined:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Height: from the natural base upward.. • Width: the shorter side of the natural base. • Length: the longest side of the natural base.. <p>It is important that the measurement of packages is done in a free and unrestricted manner (e.g., not when stacked). The item to be measured must also be in good condition and undamaged (e.g., not wet, torn).</p>	

Packaging unit (pallet)

MEASUREMENT RULES	EXAMPLE IMAGE
<p>Determine the height, width and depth of a loading unit on shipping platforms (pallets)</p> <p>After determining the natural base, the height, width and depth of a pallet can be determined:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Height: from the natural base upward. • Width: the shorter side of the natural base. • Length: the longest side of the natural base. <p>Note: The height, width, depth, and gross weight of the pallet are not always included in the dimensional measurements.</p>	